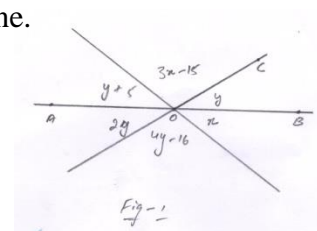
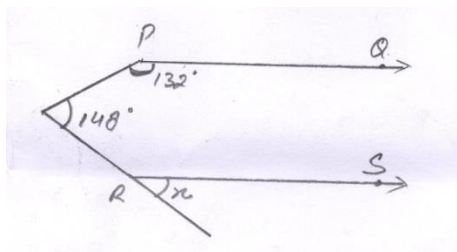


- Q1) Represent $\sqrt{10}$ & $\sqrt{13}$ on number line.
- Q2) Find the number of repeating digits in the decimal expansion of $\frac{3}{7}$.
- Q3) Classify the following numbers as rational or irrational justification.
- a) $\frac{\sqrt{28}}{\sqrt{343}}$ b) 0.5918 c) 1.010010001.....
- Q4) Find $\sqrt{3.5}$ geometrically & then represent on the number line.
- Q5) Evaluate $\frac{2^{40} + 2^{39} + 2^{38}}{2^{41} + 2^{40} - 2^{39}}$.
- Q6) Simplify $\frac{6}{\sqrt[3]{2} - \sqrt[3]{3}}$.
- Q7) Prove that $\frac{1}{2+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2-\sqrt{5}} = 0$
- Q8) Find the degree of the polynomial $1-x^2-x^3+2x^7$.
- Q9) Find the co-efficient of x in the expansion $(x+3)^3$.
- Q10) If the polynomial ax^3+3x^2+5x-4 and x^3-4x+a leave the same remainder when divided by $(x-2)$ then find the value of a.
- Q11) If $x=2$ and $x=0$ are zeros of the polynomial $2x^3-5x^2+ax+b$, then find the values of a and b.
- Q12) Using remainder theorem, find value of k, so that $(4x^2+kx-1)$ leaves remainder 2, when divided by $(x-3)$.
- Q13) Factorize:
- a) $2\sqrt{2}a^3 + 8b^3 - 27c^3 + 18\sqrt{2}$
- b) $8x^3 - y^3 - 12x^2y + 6xy^2$.
- c) $x^3 - 1^3 - 10x^3 - 53x - 41$
- Q14) If $a+b+c=5$ and $ab+bc+ca=10$ then prove that $a^3+b^3+c^3-3abc=-25$.
- Q15) Solve:
- a) $7\sqrt{2}a^2 - 10a - 4\sqrt{2}$.
- b) $x^3 + y^3 + x + y$.
- c) $5(3x+y)^2 + 6(3x+y) - 8$
- Q16) If $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 7$, $x > 0$ then find the values of $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$ and $x + \frac{1}{x}$
- Q17) Plot the following ordered pairs (x,y) of numbers as points in the Cartesian plane. Write their quadrants.
- A(-3,7), B(0,-3.5), C(-1,-3), D(4,4), E(2,-3)
- Q18) Check whether the polynomial $9(t)=4t^3+4t^2-t-1$ is a multiple of $2t+1$.
- Q19) Find the sum of $0.0\bar{3}$ and $0.\bar{4}$.
- Q20) Prove that the two lines which are parallel to the same line are parallel to each other.
- Q21) Prove that an equilateral triangle can be constructed on any given segment.
- Q22) Angle of a triangle are in the ratio of 2:4:3. Find the smallest angle of triangle.
- Q23) In the given figure if $y=20^\circ$, then prove that AOB is a straight line.



Q24) In figure if $PQ \parallel RS$ then find the value of x.



Q25) In figure if $l \parallel m$, then find $\angle y$.

